PITTSBURGH GAZETTE.

BY JOHN I. SCULL.

DE REPUBLICA NON DESPERARE.

No 7. PITTSBURGH, APRIL, 4, 1817. Vo 31.

THE subscribers having entered into partnership inform the public that they transact business under the firm of FOSTER & DOANE.

WM. B FOSTER,
HENRY DOANE,

FOSTER & DOANE

TRANSACT

Storage & Commission Business

IN that large and convenient Ware-house in Wood street, two doors from the Corner of Front street where they will be happy to receive and forward Merchandize, purchase and sell for those who may favour them with their commands, on the usual terms. They offer for sale a handsome assortment of

Winter & Spring Goods,

by the bale or piece, on low terms for cash or approved credit, consisting of

Coarse, middling and superfine 6 quarter cloths and Cassimeres of all colours,
Fearnoughts,
Coatings, Baizes,
Kersey moleskin,
Blue Plains,
Swansdown Vestings,
White black & green Flannel,
Cards,
Velvets,
Duffil and Rose Blankets,
Madrass and light twilled handkerchiefs,
White and coloured Marseilles,
Jaconett and cotton cambrics,
Toilinetts,
Shirting Cottons 7-8 & 9-8
rish Linnen,
Knitt braces
Ladies and men's fine Cotton Hose & half Hose,
Leno, mull, Book, birdseye, tamboured, checked, and spotted muslins,
Spanish nitt Handkerkerchiefs,
ins by the pack

TOGETHER WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF

Groceries & Ironmongery,

CONSISTING OF

Coffee by the barrels
Tea, Indigo, Pepper,
Allspice, Allum,
Chocolate,
Box and cask Raisins,
Loaf Sugar,
Quarter casks Teneriff Wine, Brandy, &c.
Axes,
Hatchets,
Mattocks,
Hoes,
Anvils
Vices,
Castings,
English Blister and Crowley Steel,
Cut & wrought Nails,
Augurs,

—ALSO—

An Invoice of Copper & Tin from Philadelphia,

Which will be sold at a small advance.

AND AT THEIR

RETAIL STORE

Corner of Wood and Front Streets, a large variety of

DRY GOODS,

Comprising all the above articles, with

Hardware,
Groceries, etc. etc.

By retail as cheap as can be found in the City.

Pittsburgh, January 7th, 1817. 2awtf

Just Received,

AND FOR SALE, BY

Richard Bowen, & Co.

NINE CASES DOMESTIC GOODS, CONSISTING OF

STRIPES, CHECKS,
CHAMBRAYS, BEDTICKS, &
PLAIDS, SHIRTINGS,

ALSO—TWENTY-SIX THOUSAND POUNDS OF

SHOT.

Pittsburgh, Feb. 25.—2aw1m

$1 50

FOR WHEAT,

WILL be given at the PITTSBURGH ST MILL for a short time.

P. S. Mill, November, 29, 1816—2atf

New Hardware Store.

Benjamin Darlington,

HAS just received at his wholesale and retail Store in Market Street, between Third and Fourth, (in the house formerly occupied by Doctor G. Dawson) a large and general assortment of

Hardware, Cutlery & Saddlery,

&c among which are the following articles, vi

CROWLEY Millington Steel, No. 3
Hoop L. Swedish Steel
Cast Steel, warranted
English blistered
Sheet Iron
Scythes and Sickles
Anvils and Vices
Chaffing Dishes
Hand Bellows
Large Waiters
Britania Spoons
Swords and Pistols
Rifles
Shovels and Tongs
Brass Andirons assorted
Shovels and Spades
Cases Buttons as'd
2 x and ost Coffee Mills assorted
An elegant assortmen of Needles
Coxe's Currying Kns.
A large assortment of Knives and Forks
Pen & Pocket Knives assor ed

Together with a great variety of other articles too tedious to mention, all of which will be sold on very reasonable terms.

☞ All orders for goods will be thankfully received and promptly attended to

Pittsburgh, February 13, 1817.

Pittsburgh Drug and Paint Warehouse

AVERY & STEVENSON,

Wholesale and Retail Druggists,

INFORM *PHYSICIANS, DRUGGISTS, PAINTERS,* and all dealers in the Drug and Paint line, that they have for Sale, at their Warehouse, corner of Wood and Second Streets, *Pittsburgh*, an extensive assortment of

Medicines, Drugs, Paints, Oils, Dye Stuffs, &c.

WARRANTED OF PRIME QUALITY.

AVERY & STEVENSON, intending an extensive business, have made such arrangements as will insure them, at the lowest rates, (by importations, &c.) a regular supply of the best MEDICINES, PAINTS, &c.—and they pledge themselves to supply western orders without delay, at as low prices as will be done by the Druggists of Philadelphia and Baltimore, with the addition of carriage only.

A CONSTANT SUPPLY OF

Stevenson's White Lead,

Warranted equal to any in the United States.

AUGUST, 9, 1816.

BOSLER & CO.

Have received and offer for sale on moderate term

54 barrels green Coffee,
8 tubs Swedish Steel,
Crowley millington and cast do.
Feathers,
Saltpetre,
Muskrat Skins,
Buffalo Robes,
Machine Cards and Copperas
An assortment of British and American Hardware, amongst which are
Anvils and Vices, Spades and Shovels,
Fowlin pieces, millsaws, &c.

ALSO ON HAND,

Pig and bar Lead,
Shot from No. B. to 7,
Lead mineral for Potter's use,
Flint Glassware assorted in boxes,
Green do. do. in do.
ueensware assorted in crates,
Window Glass,
Birmingham brown and black ware assorted in boxes,
Trotter's Yellow ware in hogsheads,
Charleston Stone ware,
Pittsburgh Pipes in boxes,
Rice in barrels and kegs,
Cut Nails of all sizes,
English and Swedish Blister Steel,
American Crowley and blister do.
Writing, printing and letter paper,
Fullers and bonnet boards,
Tobacco and Cigars,
Linseed Oil and Spanish Brown,
Rappee and Scotch Snuff in kegs and bladders.

ALSO OF THEIR MANUFACTORY,

Coffee mills, Butt hinges, and Currycombs,
Norfolk Latches, Sash pullies, Steelyards,
Brass gun-mounting, Teakettle knobs
Still cocks, Rivets, Andirons,
A great variety of Stoves and Grates both for wood and coal,
Sheet Iron and Stove pipe,
Hatters, Taylors and smoothing Irons
Grist and Saw mill Irons
Waggon and Carriage boxes of all sixes, re
Scales Counter and Sash weights,
Tea-kettles, and Waffle irons,
Smith's Anvils and Mandrils,
Apple-mill Nuts,
Distillery boilers of different sizes
Bark Mills,
Pot ash and Salt Kettles of any size,
Hatters, Fullers and soap Boilers,
Fuller's and Hatter's Plates,
Wind-mill Irons,
Dog Irons, mortars and pestles
Swivels, &c. &c. &c.

ALSO ON HAND.....A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

IRON WARE,

SUCH AS

Axes—Hatchets—Traces—Augurs—Scale-beams etc. etc. etc.

Pittsburgh, January 7, 1817.

Ferree's Rifle Powder.

THE subscribers have become sole agents for the sale of FERREE'S POWDER, and now offer for sale on the lowest terms a quantity of first rate *RIFLE POWDER* by the keg or larger quantity.

CROMWELL & DOBBIN.

Pittsburgh, Nov. 12, 1816—2aw6m

To Let,

And possession given the first of April next.

A LARGE and convenient two story BRICK HOUSE, with back buildings, &c. situated on the corner of Front and Ferry Streets. The House is well calculated for a Tavern. Apply to

ROBERT SIMPSON.

Pittsburgh. Feb. 21, 1817.

Military and General Agency.

FROM the frequent applications made to the subscriber, by persons having claims against the government of the United States, he has been induced to form a connection with a Gentleman in the city of Washington, who is well acquainted with the nature of all claims against the general Government.

Any persons having claims for property lost or destroyed, in the military service of the United States, soldiers who have procured their discharges, and have not taken out their warrants; persons not having received their pay, or those wishing to procure patents for their lands; will now have an opportunity of attaining the object for a small compensation, which will not be required of them until after their business is done; immediate attention will be paid to all applicants, and opinions on their claims given gratis. Letters POST PAID and directed to the subscriber, will meet with due attention.

CHARLES SHALER,
Attorney at Law, Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, March 25th, 1817.

ORMSBY and DOANE

HAVE FOR SALE

2 Tons real Campeachy Logwood,
100 Boxes Rosin Soap, (excellent)
30 bbls. Pearl Ash,
20 kegs manufactured Tobacco,
30 Boxes superior cut Tacks and Sprigs, from Massachusetts.

ALL WHICH WILL BE SOLD VERY LOW,

ALSO ON HAND

A fine assortment of Castings,
Juniata Bar Iron,
Sickles, Groceries and many other ARTICLES.

Pittsburgh, March 18th, 1817

To Let,

A Large three story BRICK HOUSE, corner of the Diamond and Market street with an excellent store room, now occupied by James Jelly.

Also,

FOR a term of years, a LOT on Fourth between Market and Wood streets, 50 or 60 feet front and about the same distance in depth.

For terms apply to

SARAH or JOHN IRWIN.

Pittsburgh, March 28th, 1817——tf

Sugar Water,

WANTED, two hundred barrels of strong SUGAR WATER, for which a liberal price will be paid.

J. W. SKELTON, *Druggist.*

Pittsburgh, March 28th. 1817.——tf

Mustard Seed,

I WILL give 10 dollars per bushel for good clean MUSTARD SEED.

J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, March 25th.——tf

Wanted,

A STEADY MAN to do the work of a porter about a drug shop,

Likewise,

TWO active boys as apprentices to the Apothecary and Drug business. None need apply but those of steady habits and respectable parents.

J. W. SKELTON.

Pittsburgh, March 28th, 1817.——tf

One Hundred and Fifty

BARRELS

Conemaugh Salt,

FOR SALE ON THE MOST LIBERAL TERMS, BY

ARMOR & WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, March 28th.——3

MAHOGANY.

A quantity of Mahogany inch and an half thick Plank. and Veneers.

FOR SALE, BY

CHARLES L. VOLZ & CO.

Wood Street.

Pittsburgh, March 27, 1817. 4t

STORAGE.

THE subscriber will receive Goods, Wares and Merchandise, on storage or commission, at his ware-house, conveniently situated for business, and constructed for their entire security from the inundations of the river. He will receive and forward them to any place that may be required, on the most moderate terms, and every attention paid to them, by

WM. S. VERNON.

Louisville, Dec. 30.——6m

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Allegheny County, and to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at the Court House in the City of Pittsburgh, on Monday the 7th day of April next, at 2 o'clock P. M.—All the right, title, interest and claim, of Henry Weidner of, in and to part of Lot No. 310, in the City of Pittsburgh, being sixty feet on Third Street and extending the same breadth back eighty five feet, bounded Eastwardly by lot No. 311, and Westwardly by lot No. 309, subject to a yearly ground rent of one hundred and twenty dollars—on which is erected a frame house forty five by sixty five feet. Also all the right title, interest and claim of Magnus M. Murray of in and to Lots No. 37, 38, 39, 40 and 41, in the Town of Wilkinsburgh fronting on the Turnpike Road, and No 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, and 153, back lots in the said town: and of, in and to one hundred acres of Land: more or less, situate in Pitt Township, adjoining lands of John Swishelm on the south and west, Milligan on the east, and Dunning M'Nair on the north being part of the tract Swishelm lives on: on which there are about forty acres cleared, and a cabin and barn erected thereon. Also by virtue of a writ of Levari Facias issued out of the same Court, and to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title, interest and claim of James Algoe of in and to a certain messuage lot or piece of ground beginning at an ash and running south 70 East 57 perches to a walnut thence south 52 west 34 perches to Chartiers Creek, thence north 80 west 30 perches to a White Walnut—and thence north 3 east 34 perches to the place of beginning, and also by virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the said Court and to me directed, will be exposed to sale, at the time and place aforesaid, all the right, title and interest of Robert M'Corkle of, in and to a certain lot or piece of ground, situate in the Northern Liberties of Pittsburgh, adjoining James O'Hara's ground on the east containing 100 feet in front on the Turnpike Road and extending 100 feet back—on which are erected three frame Houses: and all the right title and interest of Robert M'Corkle of, in and to five acres and a half of ground lying between the above described lot and the Allegheny River seized and taken in execution and to be sold by

L. STEWART, *Sheriff.*

Pittsburgh March 28th 1817.

ALLEN and GRANT

HAVE FOR SALE,

30 boxes tin-plates,
10 half chests Young Hyson tea,
1 chest Imperial tea,
11 casks Sherry wine,
4 do. Port do.
2 do. Brandy,
2 do. Spirits,
1 cask Madeira wine,
1 do. Teneriffe do.

Also,—Loaf sugar—Indigo—Pepper—Madder Almonds, &c. &c. &c.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 24, 1817.

Rifle Powder.

THE subscriber has constantly on hand a suply of FERREE'S BEST RIFLE POWDER.

JOHN CALDWELL

October 1——tf

Porter and Wine Bottles.

OF the colour and strength of those imported; also, Flasks, Pint, Quart, and Half Gallon Bottles, for Sale by the Subscriber, at the *Pittsburgh Porter Bottle Manufactory*, near Bakewell, Page & Bakewell's Glass House.

THOMAS PEARS.

Pittsburgh, February 13, 1817. 3m

PITTSBURHG GAZETTE.

FRIDAY, APRIL 4, 1817.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED ON
TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS,
BY JOHN I. SCULL,
In Front Street, nearly opposite the Post-Office.

CONDITIONS.

THREE DOLLARS a year, paid half yearly in advance—or THREE DOLLARS and FIFTY CENTS, at the end of the year.

If the Subscriber does not order a discontinuance of his paper at the expiration of the year, it will be considered a new engagement.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in a neat and conspicuous form, at One Dollar per square for the first three insertions, and Twenty-five Cents per square for each continuance.

DR. WARDEN'S NARRATIVE RESPECTING BONAPARTE.

"General Gourgon amused us with a variety of details respecting the campaign in Russia and the Peninsula, which he himself witnessed. Of these I shall only select two or three: for the recitals that would enliven the monotony of a quarter-deck, may not be worth communicating to those who are surrounded with the varieties that are to be hourly found in the large circles of social life. He described the intenseness of the frost in Russia, with a degree of astonishment that afforded us some amusement You may easily guess the wonderful contrast of situation, when a Frenchman, the native of a fine climate, and who has been serving in Spain, found himself transferred to a part of the globe, where the tears became globulets of ice on his cheeks; and where the soldiers, stupified as it were by the cold, in the act of shaking themselves to recover their feelings, would frequently fall down and instantly expire.

"He also mentioned the following curious circumstance at the siege of Saragossa.—The French had mined a convent where a body of Spaniards had taken refuge. The besiegers had no intention to destroy the building, but merely to blow up a wall in order to frighten the besieged into a surrender. The explosion, however extended further than was expected, and a considerable destruction of the Spaniards took place, but sixteen of them was described to escape, as you will acknowledge, in a most extraordinary manner.—They, it seems, ascended the spire of the church, taking with them an ample supply of ammunition, with which notwithstanding the efforts of the French, they defended themselves with admirable gallantry and resolution for three days. But this is not all: at the end of that period it was discovered that they had made their escape from the perilous situation, to the extreme astonishment of the besieging party; who, as pious Catholics, might be justified in attributing it to the saving interposition of the Guardian Saint of the Convent. The means however, which they employed, were of mortal contrivance. By the aid of packthread which had been conveyed to them from an adjoining building, they contrived to draw up a sufficient quantity of ropes with which they let themselves down from the elevated fortress, and effected their preservation. This, I think may be added to the numerous histories of Castles in the air; or, if I dare to venture any thing like a pun to you, of *Chateaux de Espagne.*

FROM THE BOSTON PALLADIUM.

Messrs. Editors—In reading Elphinstone's account of the kingdom of Cabul, I was forcibly struck with that part relating to Cashmeer, and the mode of making shawls—Of about 200,000 inhabitants, which it contains, near a quarter part are employed in the manufacture of this article. It is curious, and I have transcribed it, with a request that you would publish it in some part of your paper. G.

CASHMEER.

The valley of Cashmeer is surrounded by lofty mountains, which divide it from Little Tibet on the north, from Lidauk on the east, from Punjaub on the south, and from Puklee on the west.

The Cashmeerians are a distinct nation of the Hindoo stock, and differ in language and manners from all their neighbours. The men are remarkably stout, active and are notorious all over the East for falsehood and cunning.

The city of Cashmeer is the largest in the Dooranau dominions. It contains from a hundred and fifty to two hundred thousand inhabitants.

The most remarkable production of Cashmeer is its shawls, which supply the whole world, and which are said to be manufactured at sixteen thousand looms, each of which gives employment to three men.

The following is an extract from the report drawn up by Mr. Stracey, who made many inquiries on this subject, and who had some shawl stuffs made under his own inspection, of wool, procured at Umritsir. The manufacturers were pioneers, belonging to the embassy, and they worked in a common tent; yet they appeared to find no difficulty in their employment. "A shop may be occupied with one shawl, provided it be a remarkably fine one, above a year, while other shops make six or eight in the course of that period. Of the best and most worked kinds, not so much as a quarter of an inch is completed in one day, by three people, which is the usual number employed at most of the shops. Shawls contain much work, and it may be observed, that it very rarely happens that the pieces when completed, correspond in size.

"The shops consist of a frame work, at which the persons employed sit on a bench; their number is from two to four. On plain shawls, two people alone are employed, and a long narrow, but heavy shuttle is used; those of which the pattern is variegated, are worked with wooden needles, there being separate needles for the thread of each colour; for the latter, no shuttle is required. The operation of their manufacture is of course slow, proportionate to the quantity of work which their patterns may require.

"The Oostand, or workman, superintends, while his journeymen are employed near him immediately under his direction. If they have any new pattern in hand, or one with which they are not familiar, he describes to them the figures, colours, and threads which they are to use, while he keeps before him the pattern on which they happen to be employed, drawn upon paper.

"During the operation of making, the rough side of the shawl is uppermost on the frame, notwithstanding which, the Oostand never mistakes the regularity of the most figured pattern.

"The wages of the Oostand (the employer furnishes the materials) are from six to eight pieces per day; of the common workmen, from one to four piece, (a piece in Cashmeer may be about three half pence.)

"A merchant, entering largely into the shawl trade, frequently engages a number of shops, which he collects in a spot under his eye; or he supplies the head workmen with thread which has been previously spun by women, and afterwards coloured, and they carry on the manufacture at their own houses, having previously received instructions from the merchant, respecting the quality of goods he may require, their colours, patterns, &c.

"After the goods are completed the merchant carries them to the custom office, where each shawl is stamped, and he pays a certain duty, the amount of which is settled according to the quality and value of the piece. The officer of the government generally fixes the value beyond what the goods are really worth. The duty is at the rate of one fifth of the piece.

"Most shawls are exported unwashed, and fresh from the loom. In India, there is no market for unwashed shawls, and at Umritsir they are better washed and packed than at Cashmeer. Of those sent to the westward many are worn unwashed.

"The wool of which these shawls are made is imported from Tibet and Tartary. In which countries alone, the goat which produces it is said to thrive.—That which is brought from Rodauk is reckoned the best. Its price, in Cashmeer, is from ten to twenty rupees for a turruk, (which is supposed to be about twelve pounds); the whitest sort is the dearest.

"It would perhaps be difficult to determine with accuracy, the quantity of shawls manufactured annually; supposing however that five of all kinds, are on an average made at each shop or loom in the course of a year, the number would be eighty thousand, which is probably not far from the truth."

FROM THE NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER.

Messrs. Gales & Seaton.

In looking over the columns of the Georgetown "*Messenger,*" of the 17th inst. I observed a statement of an affair which took place at Messina, between some of the officers of our squadron and the master of an English merchant schooner, extracted from a Gibraltar paper, and evidently fabricated for the purpose of deceiving the public, and tarnishing the character of American naval officers. This statement issues from the "*Chronicle,*" a paper notorious for its vile misrepresentations. If such barefaced falsehoods are suffered to pass uncontradicted, it will be a tacit acknowledgement of their truth and affect materially our reputation. As a member of our navy, I feel deeply interested, and as an eye witness to many of the acts which occurred at Messina, I cannot avoid coming forth in behalf of my brother officers, and contradicting so much of the statement as I know to be false, and throwing such other light on the affair as has come within my knowledge.

Whilst our squadron were in the harbor of Messina in the month of September last, a sailor belonging to the Java went on board the English schooner Ann, capt. Bell, for the purpose of seeing an acquaintance, from whom he received (as a present,) a small piece of leather; he was searched and charged with theft by the mate, who, like other arrogant Englishmen, assumed the office of judge and executioner. The American sailor, notwithstanding his repeated protestations of innocence, and a corroboration by the man who gave him the leather, was seized and most inhumanly flogged; to which punishment capt. Bell gave his avowed sanction. The American sailor did not knock the mate down, (as stated in the Gibraltar paper) nor did he commit any act of violence whilst on board the schooner.—At such daring and outrageous conduct every officer of our squadron became highly and justly incensed, and panted for a suitable opportunity of wiping off so foul a stain upon our national character, and bringing to account the man who was capable of so base an act. Whether the affair was mutually referred by the American and English consuls to the Sicilian government, I cannot positively say; but am of the opinion it was. This reference did not, however, prevent capt. Bell from boasting in the hotels and streets of Messina, of his *valorous* mate's conduct; he, with half a dozen of his swaggering companions, assembled every evening at a hotel, to which our officers were in the habit of resorting, where he publicly reviled our government and gave the most insulting answers to the queries of our officers. Whilst in one of his vaporing moods, surrounded by his friends, three midshipmen belonging to the Washington appeared in the room in which they were, and *individually,* (not *collectively,* recollect) demanded satisfaction for his conduct, which he declined giving in an *honorable* way, alledging, that he had a family, which, by the bye, I have since been informed was only a cloak for his cowardice. However, after a great deal of *coaxing,* he retired with *one* of the officers to a "spacious room," into which none were admitted but the "combatants," and although capt. Bell was of "Bristol metal," and had obtained "a degree of A. M. in the Pearce and Belcher school," he soon found it necessary to knock under to Yankee prowess, and belched forth *enough* most piteously. There was not a single blow struck by any other officer, nor did he engage the same evening with any of them after he had been so fairly flogged. In the interview which afterwards took place between capt. Bell and two of our officers on board the schooner, a "loaded pistol," was not "snapped" at capt. Bell; on the contrar (although his conduct deserved immediate chastisement) the gentlemen who waited on him displayed an uncommon degree of forbearance, a forbearance scarcely warrantable. The "*partial disturbances*" which took place on "the 19th and 20th" are to be attributed entirely to the imprudent and aggravating deportment of the English captains, who went armed themselves, and stimulated their crews to acts of violence. Indeed it was not prudent for an American officer to appear on the wharves unarmed and alone. A surgeon's mate belonging to the Java, and in delicate health, whilst peaceably returning to his ship at night, was pursued by one of these riotous fellows, overhauled, and shamefully beaten. Yet, were we not acquainted with these circumstances, we *might* be disposed to place confidence in the varnished tale of "*a gentleman from Messina.*" On the 20th Sept. the Constellation, Java and Erie sailed for Tripoli, and not for the purpose of intercepting the Ann; nor were they ordered off "in consequence of an intimation from the governor to the commodore that if order was not kept on board the forts would be directed to fire on them;" but because their services were required elsewhere. The Gibraltar editor, in the plenitude of his moral and conscientious rectitude forgot to state that capt. Bell had secreted on board his schooner an American seaman, a deserter from one of the vessels of our squadron; that he had been demanded by com. Chauncey, and after a refusal to give him up, taken by a boat from the Washington whilst the Ann endeavored to sneak out of the harbor. No, No; this would savor too much of truth; it must be dressed up in another garb, and called a "*false pretence*" of claim, and a "*retaliation*" for their "*right of search.*" The influence of British agency in many of the Mediterranean ports, has given birth to numerous reports and publications relative to our affairs in that sea, and it is to be hoped that little or no confidence will be placed in them, but that they will be treated as the offspring of *mortified pride.*

THOMAS CRABB,
Lieut. U. S. Navy.
Washington City, March 22, 1817.

Extracted from an English Paper.

MADAGASCAR PRINCES.——During the cruize lately made by the *Tyne* off the Coast of Madagascar, and just as she was about to sail from Tamative, two native princes, brothers of the King of Ovas, arrived there, accompanied by an Ambassador from Governor Farquhar, at the Mauritius; the object of his embassy was to destroy, as far as possible, the internal trade in slaves, in Madagascar, as far as relates to the supply of the Mauritius; & these Princes were on their way to Mauritius, at the invitation of Governor Farquhar. The *Tyne* took them on board, with their suite (thirty persons,) and also two Ministers from Jeane Kene King of that part of Madagascar, wherein Tamative is situate, and landed them at Port Louis; with the most marked distinction. They brought presents to Governor Farquhar, consisting chiefly of botanical and specimens of the products and manufactures of the Island; also a female *dwarf,* extraordinary diminutive, being of a race peculiar to the interior of Madagascar. It is worthy of remark that the greater number of the slave vessels are generally from Tamative. Jeane Kene (the King) appears disposed to co-operate in stopping the exportation of slaves from the island, provided any advantage could be offered him to compensate for the income which he derives from the slaves being passed through his district, to be embarked; he would then contribute all in his power (which is absolute) to prevent the exportation. He is well educated, intelligent, of a humane disposition, and adverse to the traffic. But the Chief of the District of Foul Point, which adjoins Tamative to the northward, is sunken into the grossest barbarism; he sleeps away his life in a state of continual intoxication.

THE FOLLOWING BILLS,
Taken at PAR, by the subscriber for goods
Perryopolis,
Smithfield,
New-Salem, (Pa.)
WHO HAS ON HAND—A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF
Dry Goods & Groceries,
WHICH ARE OFFERED AS LOW,
WHOLESALE & RETAIL,
AS CAN BE FOUND IN THE CITY.

N. B. The entire stock, which is well assorted and laid in with judgment—will be disposed of for the above BILLS, if application is made immediately.

E. WILLIAMS.
January 24, 1817.——2awtf

German Goods.

C. L. VOLZ, & Co.

HAVE just received, and are for sale, at their WHOLESALE store, in Wood, between First and Second-streets, the following German goods, to wit:—

Oil cloths,	Boot tops and colored calf skins,
Looking-glasses,	
Violins, bows & strings,	Boot combs,
Slates & slate pencils,	Straw knives,
Colored and figured Paper,	Gun lock Compasses
Spring lancets,	Plated wires
Marbles and hones,	Smelling bottles
Coffee-mills,	Quills and waters

ALSO,
Kentucky tow and flax linen,
Buckskin Gloves,
TOGETHER WITH A VARIETY OF
Dry Goods and Hardware,
TOO NUMEROUS TO PARTICULARIZE.

N. B.—C. L. V. & Co. still continue to receive and sell
Steubenville Cloths,
and take this method once more to recommend them to the particular attention of the public, as being in every point of view well deserving of their notice.

Pittsburgh, Jan. 17 1817.——1aw3m

NOTICE.

PURSUANT to the last will of JAMES SHARON, deceased, will be exposed to Sale on Wednesday of the next Court at Pittsburgh,

A Donation Tract of Land

No. 933, in the Fifth District, 8 or 9 miles north of Mercer, the county town, and half a mile from the road leading to Meadville, containing 200 acres, well situated, with excellent timber and water. A good title will be given, and the taxes paid up to the present year. Attendance given, and terms made known, by the executor

JOHN WAY.
February 19, 1817. 1awtC.

To Let,

A CONVENIENT HOUSE for a small family—having an excellent cellar and good yard room.

Rent $ 65
Enquire of
CHARLES DOANE.
Pittsburgh March 18th 1817——3

The Real Estate of
STEEL SEMPLE, Deceased.

THIS LAND is situated within 2 and 3 miles of Pittsburgh, and is divided into small Lots of from five, six, ten and twelve acres.

The survey and draft are now completed, and the lines of the Lots and lanes, plainly and distinctly marked on the ground.

This land is fertile, near to the city, and convenient to good roads. It is so divided as to be convenient for gardners, persons desirous of attending market, or to farmers of small capital. As Out-lots, they are well suited to persons residing in the city.

They are offered for Sale on a credit of from twelve to eighteen months. The plan can be seen at my office. WILLIAM WILKINS.
July 26, 1816.

PITTSBURGH.

FRIDAY, APRIL 4, 1817.

Late letters from Prairie du Chien, says the Missouri Gazette, positively assert that the intentions of the various Indian tribes are for war; they are endeavoring to form a grand confederacy for the purpose of destroying the posts lately established in their country. One of the surveyors employed on the northern border of the Illinois territory of the name of Cox, was lately robbed, abused and ordered to discontinue his survey on the pain of death.

It is stated in a letter from Santa Martha, that the patriot general Bolivar, has been defeated on the river Unare, between Barcelona and cape Codera. Arms, ammunition, baggage, etc. fell into the hands of the Royalists.

Late accounts state that a new Dutch consul had arrived at Algiers. The Dey, still incensed, at first declined recognizing him, on account of the hostilities committed by Admiral Von Capellan, in conjunction with Lord Exmouth; but as the consul produced the usual presents, he was received without further objections.

SPANISH AFFAIRS.

The following account of a new course of policy about to be adopted on the part of the Spanish government towards the South American provinces, is copied from the London Star:

"*We learn* from Madrid, that a course somewhat similar to that which was followed by England after the contest with the American Colonies had been carried on for some time, is about to be adopted by the Spanish Court. A commission has been named to proceed to Buenos Ayres and Mexico, with full authority to offer the most liberal concessions on the part of Old Spain to the South American provinces, upon condition of returning to their allegiance. Amongst the commissioners, all of the first respectability, are the Generals Whittingham and Roche, both of whom served in the Peninsula, and also in South America. We have no hesitation in expressing our hope and wish, (says a London Editor) that the result may be similar to what took place in North America.—What can the South Americans gain by their return to the yoke of such a tyrannical, bigoted, stupid government as old Spain? This would be one of the greatest calamities that can befal the Maritime States of Europe, especially Great Britain."

The Russian ambassador at Paris is said to have presented a note to the French government on the subject of the treatment of Bernadotte by the latter.—The note dwells upon the services rendered by him to the allied powers, and to Louis, mentions his instrumentality in deciding the battle of Leipsic; and says "as all the monarchs view him as the heir to the throne of Sweden, the emperor of Russia requests the French government to treat the crown prince conformably to his dignity, and to send an embassador to Stockholm."

A most singular instance of Literary fraud has lately occurred in England. A bookseller, of the name of Johnson, had commenced the publication of a number of poems, as being *works of Lord Byron*, among which were—"*Childe Harold's Pilgrimage to the Holy Land—The Tempest—The Farewell to England—Ode to St. Helena—Ode to to my daughter—The Lily of France.*" Upon the fact being discovered, Lord Byron being out of the kingdom, application was made to the Lord Chancellor for an injunction against the further publication, on the ground that Lord Byron was not the author of them, but that they were spurious. After notice given, a hearing was had, and his Lordship decreed the injunction, thereby deciding the fact, that the publication was an imposition on the public, the poems having not been written by Lord Byron.

We are induced to notice this subject, says the N. York Courier, from seeing poems, with similar titles to some of those above mentioned advertised in this country as having been re-published, and *ascribed to Lord Byron.* If they are the same, the fact ought to be known, that the public, and especially the readers of poetry, may not be subject to imposition. The injunction was decreed as long ago as the 26th of Nov. last. If the whole of the poems is like the samples produced by the counsel of the noble poet before the Lord Chancellor, we cannot conceive how any person of the least pretensions to taste or skill in poetical composition could ever be imposed upon by them. The passages quoted on that occasion, are not much more in the Style of his Lordship's poetry, than they are in that of Bunyan, or Quarles.

A singular calculation has been made on the value of the Rhenish Wine, which has been for nearly two centuries in a cellar at Bremen, called the *Rose.* The five hogsheads of wine were purchased in 1624, for 1200 francs, 240 dollars—in calculating the interest of the sum and interest on the interest, each hogshead would be now worth 5,752,686,623 crowns! A bottle of this precious wine, would cost 21,790,480 francs! A wine glass 2,723,808 francs! and one drop, (reckoning 1000 drops to the glass) 10,880 francs, or $2,176.—*Paris paper.*

GENERAL HARRISON.—A splendid dinner was given by the citizens of Petersburg, on Wednesday the 19th ult. to General WILLIAM H. HARRISON. Many patriotic toasts were given; among which we find the following:

Fort Meigs—A watch-tower in the wilderness—defended by valiant spirits, second only to their gallant commander.

This toast having been drank, General Harrison rose, while the company were rapturously cheering the sentiment, and having obtained silence, delivered an address to the following purport:

"The honor which you now confer upon me, fellow citizens, is that which the most celebrated of the ancient republics was accustomed to bestow upon such of their statesmen and warriors, who were considered to have deserved well of their country. To be feasted in the prytaneum of their native city, was the greatest reward which an Athenian general could receive, for the most brilliant and important services.

"With the recollection of this fact, how shall I duly appreciate this distinguished mark of your approbation? I will not flatter you, gentlemen, by saying that Petersburg is a modern Athens. That great republic covered, with her fleets and her merchant ships, every known sea. Arts and arms were also hers Such indeed was the case with Carthage formerly, as it is with London now.——But in what age, in what region, or by what city, have the pure principles of liberty been cultivated more than on this spot? Your Thompson has obtained for you the civic palm—in war, your Scott—that gallant band your volunteers!—Yes! Pelopidas did not glory more in his sacred band, which fought, and bled, and conquered at Maritania—nor Bonaparte in his young guards, who were immolated at Waterloo—than you in these. But a remnant only remains. Alas! I know too well where the remains of many of them can be found—they lie in the cold and dreary swamps of the north-west—but their memories are preserved in the hearts of their countrymen—to perpetuate their fame is your sacred duty, and you will not neglect it.

"Gentlemen, I am not an orator. Had I talents of that kind, what a theme is here—one to which a Cicero, or your own, Taylor, or Roberston or Leigh, would have done some justice. I rose merely to thank you for the compliment contained in the toast. To the commander, the merit of the defence of Fort Meigs must be greatly lessened, when it is recollected that the lines were defended by troops from Ohio and Kentucky, and the reserve composed of the Pittsburgh and Petersburg volunteers."

Milledgeville, Georgia, March 11.

We are told by an officer of the United States army, lately from the Mississippi Territory, that many of our Western citizens had proceeded to the neighborhood of Pensacola, not doubting but the place would be attacked by the Patriots on a certain day last month, as had been previously determined on—Gen. Mina having some time past fitted out in St. Domingo an expedition for that purpose. What circumstance has prevented or delayed the execution of his project is to us yet unknown. As the Spaniards have had so much time for preparation, and are indefatigable in securing themselves by fortifications, the capture of the place may not perhaps be easily effected. [*Journal.*

SELECTION.

CIVIL COURAGE.

There is a kind of Courage which does not much consist in whiskers, and is not always known by them. I mean that kind of courage which comes in course in the common occurrences of life, and enables a person to speak his mind under all circumstances, and to all persons, when necessary.—It is of great advantage to the possessor, and enables him to be an honest and an independent man, if he pleases. But without it, he is continually exposed to the encroachments of the designing, and must resort to evasion and guile, if he would preserve his own.

There was Jack Easy, who would almost as soon cut his fingers off, as say *NO.* He had not courage enough to speak his mind upon any occasion, if he thought it would give offence to a single person. Peter Crafty, who was well acquainted with this foible, often turned it to his own advantage. He was continually besetting him for the loan of some article or other:—and although Jack was naturally free hearted, yet his patience was at length exhausted, and he would gladly be rid of Peter's importunities. But what could he do? He had not courage enough to refuse him, and so he thought he must try to deceive him. He would invent a hundred falsehoods, to prevent the loan of an article—which almost always proved useless after all.

One morning, Peter came to him to borrow his sorrel mare. Jack told him she had gone on a journey; but Peter went directly to the stable where she was quietly champing her oats, and led her out. It was in vain for Jack to remonstrate: Peter said it was impossible that could be his mare, as she was then on a journey. Jack was so mortified at this detection, that he made no effort to detain her. And he was equally unfortunate in a thousand other instances, and involved even in worse difficulties—all of which might have been avoided, had he possessed one spark of courage.

This quality, though perhaps in a degree the gift of nature, is yet undoubtedly a subject of education. It may be strengthened by custom, or annihalated by supineness and servile habits. Independence is naturally the wish of all: yet who can be independent while the slave of cowardice, and deterred, through fear, from speaking his mind? The word *No* is a short and easy one; yet many well meaning men have told *thumpers*, because they had not fortitude enough to pronounce it. Every one ought to make its use familiar: it will become easy by habit, and the advantages will be as great on the side of interest as virtue.

When you are urged and pressed by the sharper, to purchase articles of finery and show which you do not want, though he assures you they are very cheap, learn to say *no.* When you are urged to engage in schemes of speculation, with great hazard and uncertain gain, learn to say *no.* When you are pressed to join in the midnight revel, the nightly debauch, or the noontide excess, learn to say *no.* When flattering friends and fawning sycophants tempt your generosity, supplicate your bounty for their guilty pleasures, and endeavour to wheedle you out of that which is necessary for the comfort of your own family, learn to say *no.* When the artful and designing flatter your follies, and praise your foibles, while they would extract your secrets, learn to say *no.* And ye, O youth, when the syren voice of pleasure lulls the vigilance of reason, and drowns the peal of conscience, learn to say *no.* When the magic spell shall have bound your imagination to the card-table, and your vaporing companions shall challenge you to stake your fortune on the issue of the game—for God's sake say NO,—And you, worthy matrons, on whom devolves the interesting duty of rearing the fairest flowers of nature, let your minds be impressed with the importance of duly instructing your tender charges, in the great consequence of the word *no.* Oft do the injured rue the day when they neglected its useful aid; and oft has the grass waved green o'er the premature tombs of the victims of precipitate consent.

A quibbling writer of the last century observes, with great quaintness, that when the CANNONS of princes began war, the authority of the *canons* of the church was destroyed. 'It was,' says he, 'first MITRUM that governed the world, and then *nitrum;* first SAINT PETER and then *Salt Petre.*

Elasticity of Genius.—An elegant writer declares, that there is a secret, but never-failing resource, an inexhaustible elasticity in genius and virtue, that render them all-sufficient to themselves. They may be degraded, but they never can be broken: they may be trampled upon, but never dishonored. It is the contention between the sun and the cloud.

LAST NIGHT BUT ONE.

THEATRE.

Thespian Society,

THE PUBLIC are respectfully informed, that on *Monday evening, April 7th,*
Will be presented Otway's celebrated Tragedy, called

Venice Preserved,

Or, A Plot Discovered.

BETWEEN THE PLAY AND FARCE,
Song,—"Wife children and friends"
The young Son of Chivalry—Mrs. Monier.
The whole to conclude (by request) with the admired afterpiece of

"The Day after the Wedding,"

Or, A Wife's first Lesson.

In rehearsal, the celebrated Tragedy called "Bertram" or the Castle of St. Aldobrand, and the much admired farce of the "Citizen," being for the benefit of Mrs. Monier, and positively the last night of performance.

Notice.

THE Commissioners of Allegheny county having ascertained that by a law of this Commonwealth they are not confined in selecting a scite for the NEW JAIL, to the city of Pittsburgh, they now give notice that the time of receiving proposals is extended until Monday the 28th inst. at 2 o'clock P M

Written proposals for a suitable scite in the city of Pittsburgh or its vicinity, will therefore be received until that time, at the Commissioners Office.

By order of the Board
JAMES M. RIDDLE, *Clerk.*
Pittsburgh, April 4, 1817.

Boot and Shoe-making.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public, that he has removed his shop to the east side of Wood between Fourth street and Diamond-alley, next door below D. Stoner's store, where a call, in the above line will be thankfully received by their humble servant.

WILLIAM M'GRANAGHAN.
Pittsburgh, April 4th, 1817.——5

FOR SALE.

THREE valuable building LOTS, two in Second and one in Third between Market and Wood streets, each 23 feet front by 80 deep
For particulars apply to
THOMAS READ,
Market street.
Pittsburgh,, April 4, 1817——3

JAMES CORNELL,

HAS taken a Room, directly over the Shop recently occupied by *Mr Jones,* in Front, between Market and Wood Streets, where he carries on the business of *Plain* and *Ornamental*

SIGN PAINTING,

according to the most approved New-York and Philadelphia modes.

He respectfully informs the merchants who have communications with the states of Ohio and Kentucky, that all orders from those states, with which he may be favored, shall be satisfactorily and promptly executed. He humbly solicits what he will endeavor to merit,

"The Public Patronage."

Pittsburgh, April 4, 1817——1y

PETER L'HORTON,

Confectioner.

In Water Street, between Market and Ferry Street,
HAS FOR SALE,

Confectionary of every kind.

Muscatel, Madeira, Port, Teneriffe, Claret } WINES.
French Brandy
Jamaica Spirits
Holland Gin
Cordials of every kind
Bes Sallad Oil
Prunes, Raisins, Figs, Almonds
Spanish Segars, &c. &c

He also keeps in the proper season, the best

West-India Fruits,

and Lemon, Vanilla, Strawberry, Rose, Coffee, and Chocolate

Ice Cream.

☞ Parties can be supplied with any of the above articles at the shortest notice.
Pittsburgh, April 4th, 1817——tf

Ohio Canal Company.

BOOKS for the Subscription of Shares to the Capital Stock of this Company, are now open at the office of the subscriber in the city of Pittsburgh.

Gentlemen inclined to subscribe to this very important and useful object may be furnished with copies of the act of incorporation and extracts from the minutes of the board of Managers.

WILLIAM WILKINS, *Agent.*
Pittsburgh, April 4th, 1817.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

CASTINGS,

CUT NAILS, of all sizes,
AND A FEW

Bags Coffee,

FOR SALE BY
WILLIAM LECKY,
Wood-street.
Who has constantly on hand

BAR IRON,

OF THE BEST QUALITY
Pittsburgh March 14th, 1817.——1awtf

New Grocery & Liquor Store.

William Chesnut, & Co.

Have received at their WHOLESALE store, corner of Market and Third streets—a large & general assortment of GROCERIES and LIQUORS, which they will dispose of on the most reasonable terms,
AMONGST WHICH ARE AS FOLLOWS:

Coffee, Young Hyson tea,
Lump and Loaf sugars,
Muscovado do.
Chocolate, Bengal Indigo,
Pepper, Alspice, Cinnamon,
Ginger, Nutmegs, Copperas,
Logwood, Madder, Brimstone,
Teneriffe Wine, French Brandy,
Jamaica Spirits, Holland Gin,
Pig Lead, Tin,
Leipers' Tobacco, &c &c.

N. B. They will be regularly supplied from their establishment in Philadelphia, with a large and GENERAL ASSORTMENMT of the above articles.

Pittsburgh, March 4.—3m1aw

PORT FOLIO.

AGREEABLY to the terms of subscription for the Port Folio, payment is required in advance. Subscribers in this City and its vicinity who are in arrears for this or the last year, are requested to make payment to the Editor of the Pittsburgh Gazette.

HARRISON HALL.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber by bond, note or book account, are requested to make immediate payment.

JOSEPH DAVIS.
Pittsburgh, March 25th, 1817.——3

For Rent,

And possession given the first of April,

THREE BRICK TENEMENTS on Grants-hill, with a stable and garden to each—the situation is healthy and pleasant.

Fos terms apply to
ANDREW WATSON.
Grants-hill, March 21st, 1817.——3

TO LET,

A FRAME HOUSE, completely finished, situate in Diamond Alley, opposite the Rev. Mr. ..ace's, now occupied by Mr. George Beale.

Enquire of
J. W. SKELTON, *Druggist.*

WILLIAM HILL

..as Just Received From Philadelphia,

..na offers for sale on accommodating terms, at the

Wholesale and Retail Store,

S. E. corner of Market and Fourth street
HIS RETAIL CASH STORE,
In Market street, opposite Kerr's Hotel,

The following Fresh Goods, viz.

ONE bale rose blankets 6-4 a 12-4.
One do. flannels
One do. fine gold headed sannas
One do. fine emerties
Trusses 3 point blankets
do. dufficld do.
Bocking and drapery baize
London superfine blue habit cloth
Iffu and scarlet do.
Fany coloured and black bombazette
Canton and Madrass handkercheifs
Black and olive velvet
British check and tickings
..dies coloured and black hosiery
..n's hose and half hose
..es silk and beaver gloves
..'s buckskin and beaver do
.. blue and black cloth sewings
..a catty silk
..t silk twist
..t covers and ivory combs
..rime green coffee in barrels
Java do. do.
Young Hyson tea in chests and boxes
Pepper, Allspice and ginger in kegs
Cinnamon and cloves

Queensware in assorted crates to suit Country Merchants.

IN STORE,

Superfine and second and coarse cloths
Stockinett, cords and cassimeres
Fancy and common waistcoatings
Superfine dressed and undressed prints
Common prints and plates
Ginghams, jeans and dimities
Cambric, m.. l, book, jackonett and fancy figured muslins,
Coleram and shirting muslins
Irish linen and linen cambric
Levantine and Mantua silks
Levantine and Damask silk shawls
Cotton do.
Laced and fancy silk handkerchiefs
Crapes and gauzes
Ribands, galoons, shoe and quality binding
Suspenders, needles and pins, and great a variety of fancy articles.

—*ALSO,*—

Millington, Crowly and Swedish tub steel
An assortment of hardware, queensware and glass-ware
London particular Madeira wine
Teneriff, Sherry, Port and Lisbon wine
French brandy, loaf and lump sugar
Chocolate and Gunpowder tea
Alum, copperas, brimstone
Spanish and Bengal Indigo
Patent shot and bar lead
Writing paper by the ream
Bar iron and castings per ton
American blistered steel
Coal and ten plate stoves
Kentucky tobacco and American segars
6000 pounds logwood
7000 do. butter in kegs
Twilled bags, flax and tow linen, woolen socks and thread in cuts, &c. &c

Pittsburgh, Nov. 8, 1816-

FOR SALE, BY
Richard Bowen & Co.

Corner of Market and Water Streets,

LISBON,
Teneriffe,
Sicily, Madeira, and } WINES
Currant
Whiskey
Best Green Coffee, West-India Suga
Loaf Sugar, Black Pepper
Almonds, Chocolate, Codfish
Box Raisins
Young Hyson Tea in small boxes
Imperial do. do. do.
Allum, Allspice, Brimstone
Copperas, Rosin
Spanish flotant Indigo.
Juniper Berries
Tanners Oil, Soal Leather
Cotton Cards, Wool Hats
Juniata Bar Iron
American, Crowley and German Steel
Cut and wrought Nails
Castings assorted
Cap Paper, No. 1, 2, 3 and 4; Post do.
Medium and demy Printing do.
Wrapping do Bonnet boards
Window Glass
Bottles assorted in boxes, Porter d
Birmingham Queensware
Kentucky twist and pigtail Tobacco
American Cigars
Bar and Pig Lead
Axes, hoes, Chains and Screw Augurs
Mill saws and Mouse Hole Anvills
Coal and wood stoves
Grates and Franklin stoves
Sad and Waffle Irons
Cast Iron Gudgeons and Cranks
Waggon Boxes

ALSO,
AN INVOICE OF SADDLERY,
AND
AN INVOICE OF FLANNELS.
Pittsbugh Feb. 14, 1817. 2awtf

Mayor's Court.

Clerk's Office, April 1, 1817.

NOTICE is hereby given that a Mayor's Court for the city of Pittsburgh, will be held at the Court House in said city, on Monday the 21st inst. of which all persons bound by recognizance, and all others concerned are required to take notice,

J. GILLAND, *Clk.*

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to he estate of THOMAS LOGAN late of Pitt township dec'd. are requested to make immediate payment to the subscribers, and those who have claims against the same will please present them properly stated and authenticated fov settlement.

THOMAS CANNON,
JOSEPH CANNON. } *Adm'rs.*

Pittsburgh, April, 1 1817. ——3

Armstrong & Ewing,

Wood Street, between Front and Second Streets,
PITTSBURGH.

Have lately received a further supply of

GROCERIES,

—Consisting of—

GUNPOWDER, Imperial, Young Hyson and Hyson Skin Teas in chests, half chests and boxes, first and second quality Green Coffee in barrels and bags, No. 2 and 3 Chocolate, Loaf, Lump and Brown Sugar, Pepper, Ginger, Nutmegs, Cloves, Cinnamon, Keg and Box Raisins, Aimonds, Rice, Sugar Candy, Spanish Cigars, Lemons, a few barrels Tanners Oil, Codfish of excellent quality, Mackarel, Shad and Herring; also, a small parcel of superior Kentucky Tobacco old and sweet; L. P. Madeira, Port, Sherry, Teneriffe and Lisbon Wines, French Cogniac Brandy, Jamaica Spirits, Holland Gin—all warranted pure and genuine, with a variety of other articles in the Grocery line, which will be sold low for Cash or approved Acceptances.

☞ The highest premium given for *Eastern* paper. January 8, 1817.

STEAM ENGINES.

THE PITTSBURGH STEAM ENGINE CO.

INFORM the publick that their establishment is in complete operation, on an extensive scale and consists of a

Steam Engine Factory;
AN
AIR FOUNDERY;
AN
ANCHOR AND ANVIL FACTORY;
A
BRASS FOUNDERY;
A
PATTERN MAKER'S SHOP & MACHINES
for Boring and Turning in Iron and Wood;
AND A
Screw Manufactory

which furnishes all kinds of large Screws, such as for Rolling and Slitting Mills, Paper Mills Fuller's and Tobacco, Millstone Screws, &c. &c.

Orders in any of the above lines of business will be executed at very short notice.

Pittsburgh, April 16, 1816.

Rectifying Distillery, Grocery and Liquor Store.

THE subscriber takes the liberty of informing his friends and the public, that he has now on hand, and intends keeping a constant supply of foreign and domestic

LIQUORS,

WITH AN ASSORTMENT OF

GROCERIES,

which he offers for sale, low, for CASH or country produce, at his store in Front, between Market and Wood-streets, opposite Bosler and Co's. warehouse.

FRANCIS BAILEY.

Feb.4.—1awtf

N. B All persons indebted to the subscriber, by bond note ortabook accompst, are requested make immedia payment, a no longer indul gence can or will be given.

BIRMINGHAM.

THE subseriber, having laid off part of his property in the town of Birmingham into LOTS suitble for the erection of dwellings, offers them for ale at reasonable prices, upon the following terms:—$ 10 payable in hand, and the residue as follows—$ 1 per week—$ 4 per month, or $ 13 per quarter, at the option of the purchaser, *without interest.*

On the payment of the purchase money, or satisfactory security being given for the same Deeds will be made to the purchaser, with general warranty, *clear from ground rent,* or any incumbrance whatever

A Plan can be seen at the Office of JAMES M. RIDDLE, Esq. in the Diamond, Pittsburgh, and at the house of the Subscriber in Birmingham.

JAMES PATTERSON.

November 29, 1816 1awtf.

ROTTERDAM HOTEL.

THE SUBSCRIBER

RESPECTFULLY informs his friends and the public that he has taken the above well known Tavern,

No. 124, North Fourth-Street,

(Between Race and Vine streets,)

Where he will accomodate travellers, boarders, or lodgers, with private rooms, if required, either by the year, week, or day. He has extensive stabling, and buildings for horses and carriages, and hopes, by keeping good liquors, and provisions, which the market affords, clean beds, and by constant attention to his customers to give general satisfaction, and merit a share of public patronage.

BUEL ROWLEY.

Philadelphia Januaryy 27th, 1817——2aw7w

Saml. & John Thompson,
Merchant Taylors,

SOUTH EAST END OF MARKET STREET,

HAVE just received a large supply of superfine and common cloths, cassimeres and vestings, and as they were principally bought at Auction in Philadelphia, they will be sold very low. They have also obtained the newest fashions, and will continue to supply gentlemen with fashionable cloathing at a short notice. They keep as usual a large supply of made cloathing at reduced prices.

Pittsburgh, December 31, 1816—2awtf,

WILLIAM HILL,

EAST CORNER OF MARKET AND FOURTH-STREETS, PITTSBURGH—HAS JUST RECEIVED,

Mouse-hole anvils,
Bright, smith's vices,
1 cask files assorted,
1 do. butt-hinges do.
1 do. wood-screws do.
1 do. knives and forks do.
4, 8 & 10d. cut nails,
Best English Millington Crowly steel,
Playing and blank cards.

All of which will be sold on accommodating terms. W. H.

January 24, 1817.

THE SUBSCRIBER

INFORMS his friends and the public, that he has taken the store lately occupied by his brother Henry Doane, on Water street a few doors S. west of Wood—where he offers for sale a general assortment of

Hardware,
Groceries,
Crockery ware

AND AN INVOICE OF FRENCH GOODS & FANCY ARTICLES,

Cheap cash or approved credit.

I. DOANE.

March 7——2aw1mo

Juniata and Monongahela BAR IRON,

NAILS and BRADS,
Castings,
Pig and bar lead,
Shot—assorted sizes,
Letter paper,
Wrapping do. Writing do No. 1 2 &3.
Window Glass, (Geneva)
Common hollow do,
Flint ditto,
Porter bottles,
Sugar, (N. Orleans)
Fish Oil,
Eng. & Amer. Blister steel,
Crowley do
Patent and Balance scale beams,

For sale by

BEAN & BUTLER.

Pittsburgh March 14th 1817——2awtf

Girty's Run.

THERE are now on hand TWO ORLEAN BOATS 50 feet by 14 nearly ready to launch and a number of Skiffs of best white-oak—those inclined to purchase may call on Mr. Josiah Robison or the subscriber on the ground

WILLIAM MORROW.

N. B. There will be always an assortment of the best quality pine, oak and walnut plank and scantling—at the Saw-mills at Girty's run for sale at a low price for cash.

March 25th, 18

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of the late GENERAL JOHN WOODS, deceased, aref requested to make payment to the undersigned, his executors:—and those who have claims against the estate are hereby notified to exhibit them without delay for adjustment:

HENRY WOODS
JAMES ROSS,
JOHN M'DONALD. } *Executors.*

Pittsburgh, March 18th, 1817——1mo

FOR SALE,

ONE THOUSAND BUSHELS OF

CORN,

OF THE BEST QUALITY.

Enquire of

J. H. CHAPLIN,
Water-street, Pittsburgh

Jan. 21, 1817.——tf

For Sale,

SEVERAL tracts of LAND of a good quality, two of which are well improved, one having thereon a well established tanyard. All within from twelve to twenty miles from the city of Pittsburgh. Terms made known by

JOHN M'DONALD.
Wood-street, Pittsburgh

October 8.—2awtf.

FOR SALE.

150 pieces low and middle priced cloths at reduced prices,
150 kegs Philadelphia cut nails,
50 boxes Geneva Glass,
60 kegs Kentucky Tobacoo,
100 do. Rappee Snuff,
50 boxes Rosen soap,
50,000 lbs pig lead,
Juniata Bar Iron, and
Sheet Iron by the ton,
An assortment of Castings,
A few barrels domestic Sugar
100,000 feet pine boards,
150,000 Shingles,
A large quantity of flax and tow Linnen. and bags
29 kegs Fresh Butter, best quality.

ARMOR & WALLACE.

Pittsburgh, Dec. 31, 181..—tf.

JAMES LAUBE
Diamond, Pittsburgh,

HAS just received ,& has for sale, on the most reasonable terms,
Best Spanish Cigars by the box,
Raisins by the do.
Port Wine,
Madeira, do.
Teneriff,
Jamaica Spirits,
French Brandy,
Cordials,
Dryed Fruits, &c.

Dece..ber 17th, 1816——tf

BIRMINGHAM
LOTS FOR SALE.

WILL be sold to the highest bidder at the office of Dennis S. Scully, auctioneer, on the 10th May next ensuing, (if not sooner disposed of) eight or ten prime building lots in said town, the terms will be made known on the day of sale.

In the mean time, those who may be disposed to purchase by private contract may view the lots and see a plan of said town, by applying to the subscriber on the premises.

NATHANIEL BEDFORD.

March 7.——till 10 may.

NOTICE.

IN the Court of Common Pleas of Butler county in the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Daniel Fleming,
vs. } *Summons in Partition.*
Matthew Henderson,

Jonathan Henderson, John Henderson, Jane Henderson, Robert C. Henderson, Eliza Henderson, Joseph Henderson, Isabella Henderson, Margery Henderson, widow of Joseph Henderson, Deceased—Daniel Henderson, Hugh Henderson, David Henderson, William Christie and Mary his wife, formerly Mary Henderson, James Moorhead and Catharine his wife, formerly Catharine Henderson, Hannah Watson formerly Hannah Henderson, John M'Call, Mary M'Call Joseph M'Call, and Daniel M'Call, children of Jane M'Call, Deceased, formerly Jane Henderson, by their Guardian David M'Call——William Cowan, Samuel Morrison and Mary his wife, formerly Mary Cowan, George Henderson Amos Slaymaker and Isabella his wife, formerly Isabella Fleming, Humphrey Fullerton, James Irwin, Esq. and Jane his wife, formerly Jane Fullerton, John F. Armstrong, Samuel Culbertson M'Kean, and Jane his wife, formerly Jane Fleming, Isaac Smith and Margaret his wife, formerly Margaret Fleming, Mary Hessilius and Rachel Hessilius, by their Guardian Mary Hessilius the younger—Edmund Addison, Mary Addison, Loyd Addison, Agustus Addison, children of Elizabeth Addison, Deceased, by their Guardian Walter D. Addison,—Mary Ann Johnston by her Guardian Mary Hessilius, the Elder, and Elisha De Butts and Caroline his wife, formerly Caroline Hessilius.

NOTICE is hereby given to the before named Defendants, that a Writ of Partition issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Butler County, tested the fifteenth day of February, eighteehundred and seventeen, in the above cause, directed to the Sheriff of Butler county, commanding the said Sheriff to summon the said Defendant to appear before the Judges of said Court, at Beutler, at the County Court of Common Pleas there to be held for said county, the second Monday in May, eighteen hundred and seventeen, to shew wherefore whereas the said Plaintiff and the said Defendants, together and undivided do hold, one certain tract of Land in Slippery Rock township in said county, being number Twenty of Donation Land in the second Donation District, bounded as therein described, containing three hundred acres and allowance, &c. with the appurtenances. Partition of said tract of Land according to the Laws and customs of this Commonwealth in such cases made and provided they do Gainsay, and the same to be done do not permit.

DANIEL FLEMING.

24th March, 1817. 6t.

M'DONNEL & EKIN,

HAVE RECEIVED,

AND will in future be regularly supplied with the following articles which they offer for sale on moderate terms.

Coffee, first and second quality,
Ditto and loaf sugar,
Imperial and young hyson tea in boxes and chests,
Chocolate, pepper, allspice and ginger,
Mustard in bottles and kegs,
Raisins in boxes and kegs,
Real Spanish segars,
Nutmegs, cloves and cinnamon,
Madder, copperas, redwood and allum,
Cogniac Brandy and Jamaica spirits,
Holland gin and Madeira wine,
Queensware in small crates,
Herring and shad.

They continue to manufacture Tobacco and segers of a superior quality, and cut nails of every dgscription.

Pittsburgh, October 8—1awtf.

PROCLAMATION.

BY VIRTUE of a precept, under the hands of the hon. SAMUEL ROBERTS, esq. president of the courts of common pleas, in and for the fifth judicial district, in the state of Pennsylvania, and justice of the courts of oyer and terminer, and general jail delivery, in and for the said district, and FRANCIS M'CLURE and GEORGE ROBINSON, esquires, associates, judges of the same courts, in and for the county of Allegheny, dated the eighteenth day of January, one thousand, eight hundred and seventeen, and to me directed, for holding a court of oyer and terminer and general jail delivery, at the court-house, in the city of Pittsburgh, on the first Monday of April next:

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

to all justices of the peace, coroner and constables, within the county of Allegheny, that they be then there, in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, inquisitions, examinations, and other remembrances, to do those things, which to their offices in that behalf appertain to be done—and also, those who will prosecute against the prisoners that now are, or may be confined in the jail of Allegheny county, to be then there, to prosecute against them as shall be just.

L. STEWART, *Sheriff.*

Given at Pittsburgh, }
March 1, 1817. }

TO LET,

NINETY FEET of vacant ground in second street, nearly opposite the wood street market house, for a term of six years.

Also,

A frame house in wood street, next to Henry Westbay's tavern.

Apply to

JAMES R. BUTLER.
CHARLES WILKINS

March 7.——